

ABAP and Event-Based Components

Hamburg, July 2013



... Work in Progress ...

If we want to build evolvable software, then we must find a way to control resp. reduce the coupling of its components.

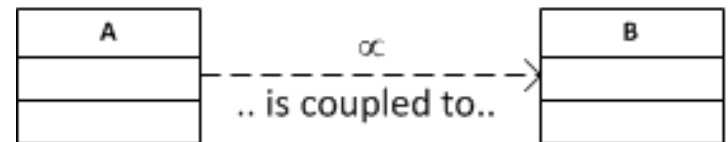
High software quality:

- Low degree of coupling of its components
- Less complexity
- Better to understand, test and maintain
- Enhance reusability

Coupling is a measure and a dedicated symbol is used to represent coupling in diagrams.

- Coupling – A measure of the strength of association established by connection from one component to another.
- Cohesion – The degree of connections among the elements of a single components.

A component is a self-documenting entity containing classes and/or objects.



Coupling is bad, but not all forms of coupling are equal!

Coupling affects...

- Compile time, run time or both
- User defined types

Types of Coupling

- Worst: Duplicated Logic -> use the DRY principle (Don't Repeat Yourself)
- Next worse: Coupling that impacts compile time -> Static Coupling
- Most benign form: Coupling, that occurs only at run time -> Dynamic Coupling

Coupling is called static, if the coupling between two objects effects build time.

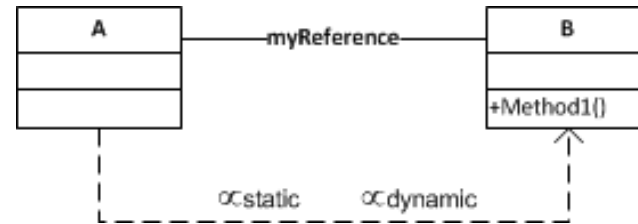
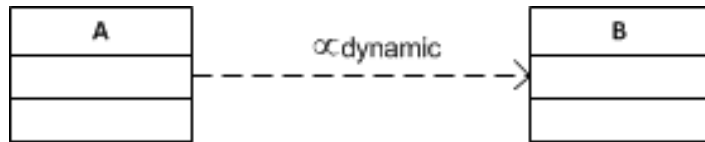
To produce A's executable code from source code, some part of B must be present

A contains references to symbols in B, e.g. a constant, variable or method.

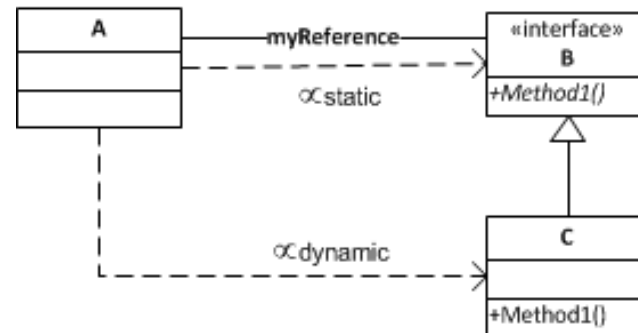
- Declaration and Implementation:
C#, VB, Java, ABAP – Global Class
- Declaration:
C++, Object Pascal, ABAP – Local Class



Coupling is called dynamic, if the coupling between two objects effects run time.



Using Interfaces you can transform a static coupling into a dynamic one!

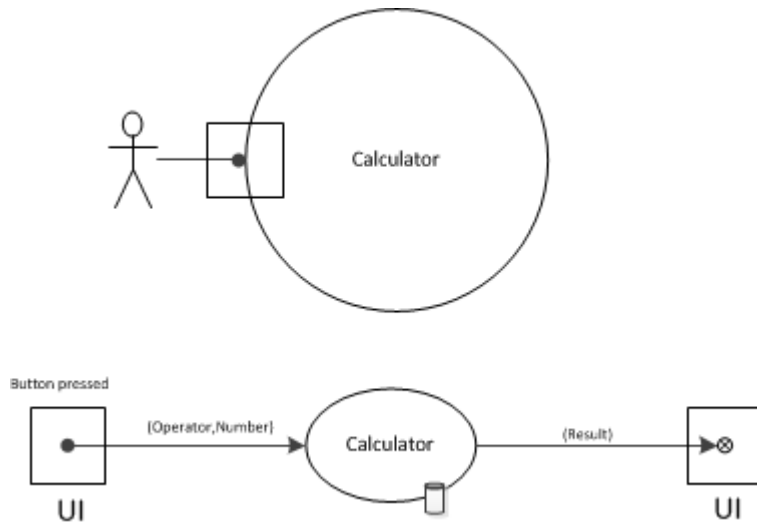


The Idea of Event-Based Components is to use events instead of coupling components directly with each other.

Rules

- The more complex a class or component is, the more it should be decoupled
- Coupling should be introduced into simpler classes and components first
- Reduce the overall coupling in a system to the lowest level possible
- Put the coupling into desirable places

Calculator Example



INPUT		OUTPUT
Number	Operator	Result
2	+	2
3	*	5
4	=	20
2	+	2


```

6 namespace Calculator
7 {
8     static class Program
9     {
10         [STAThread]
11         static void Main()
12         {
13             Application.EnableVisualStyles();
14             Application.SetCompatibleTextRenderingDefault(false);
15
16             var r = new Caluculator();
17             var c = new CalculatorUI();
18
19             c.On_operator += r.Calculate;
20             r.On_result += c.display;
21
22             Application.Run(c);
23         }
24     }
25 }

```

Wire-up

∞

```

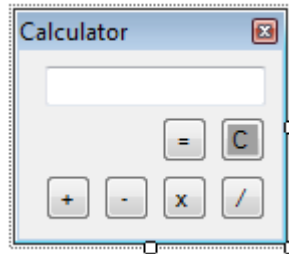
6 namespace Calculator
7 {
8     class Caluculator
9     {
10         string prev_operator;
11         int result;
12
13         public event Action<int> On_result;
14
15         public void Calculate(string @operator, int value)
16         {
17             if (@operator == "C")
18             {
19                 prev_operator = "";
20                 result = 0;
21             }
22             else
23             {
24                 if (prev_operator == null || prev_operator == "=")
25                 {
26                     prev_operator = @operator;
27                     result = value;
28                 }
29                 else
30                 {
31                     switch (prev_operator)
32                     {
33                         case "+": result = result + value; break;
34                         case "-": result = result - value; break;
35                         case "/": result = result / value; break;
36                         case "x": result = result * value; break;
37                         default: break;
38                     }
39                     prev_operator = @operator;
40                 }
41             }
42             On_result(result);
43         }
44     }
45 }

```

```

10 namespace Calculator
11 {
12     public partial class CalculatorUI : Form
13     {
14         public event Action<string, int> On_operator;
15
16         public CalculatorUI()
17         {
18             InitializeComponent();
19         }
20
21         private void calculate_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
22         {
23             Button button1 = sender as Button;
24             On_operator(button1.Text, int.Parse(input_output.Text));
25         }
26
27         public void display(int result)
28         {
29             input_output.Text = result.ToString();
30             input_output.Focus();
31         }
32     }
33 }

```



Event

Event

```

9  report zprogram4.
10
11 data:
12   c type ref to zcl_calculator4_ui,
13   r type ref to zcl_calculator4.
14
15 start-of-selection.
16
17   create object c.
18   create object r.
19
20   set handler r->calculate for c.
21   set handler c->display for r.
22
23   c->run( ).
    
```

ZCL_CALCULATOR4

Method: CALCULATE
Description: Berechnen

Visibility: Public, Protected, Private
Method: Static, Instance

Abstract
 Final
 Event handler for

Class/interface: ZCL_CALCULATOR4_UI
Event: ON_OPERATOR

```

1  method calculate.
2  | if operator = 'C'.
3  |   clear: prev_operator, result.
4  |   elseif prev_operator is initial or
5  |     prev_operator = 'EQUAL'.
6  |     prev_operator = operator.
7  |     result = number.
8  |   else.
9  |     case prev_operator.
10 |       when '+'.
11 |         result = result + number.
12 |       when '-'.
13 |         result = result - number.
14 |       when '*'.
15 |         result = result * number.
16 |       when '/'.
17 |         result = result / number.
18 |     endcase.
19 |     prev_operator = operator.
20 |   endif.
21
22 |   raise event on_result
23 |     exporting
24 |       result = result.
25 |   endmethod.
    
```

ZCL_CALCULATOR4_UI

Method: DISPLAY
Description: anzeigen

Visibility: Public, Protected, Private
Method: Static, Instance

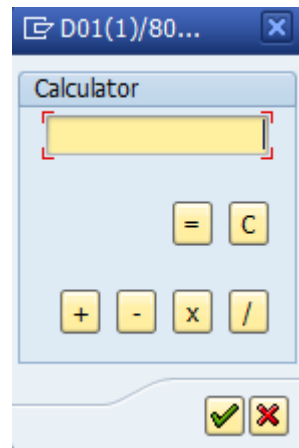
Abstract
 Final
 Event handler for

Class/interface: ZCL_CALCULATOR4
Event: ON_RESULT

```

1  method display.
2  | me->result = result.
3  | endmethod.
4
5  method calculate.
6  | raise event on_operator
7  |   exporting
8  |     operator = operator
9  |     number = number.
10 | endmethod.
    
```

This destroys everything!



```

1 type-pool zebc .
2
3 define zebc_wire_up.
4     &1-object = &2.
5     &1-method = &3.
6 end-of-definition.

7
8 types:
9     begin of zebc_event,
10    object type ref to object,
11    method type seocpdname,
12 end of zebc_event.

9 report zprogram5.
10
11 type-pools:
12     zebc.
13
14 data:
15     c type ref to zcl_calculator5_ui,
16     r type ref to zcl_calculator5.
17
18 start-of-selection.
19
20 create object c.
21 create object r.
22
23 zebc_wire_up c->on_operator r 'CALCULATE'.
24 zebc_wire_up r->on_result c 'DISPLAY'.
25
26 c->run( ).
    
```

ZCL_CALCULATOR5

```

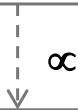
1 method calculate.
2     if operator = 'C'.
3         clear: prev_operator, result.
4     elseif prev_operator is initial or
5         prev_operator = 'EQUAL'.
6         prev_operator = operator.
7         result = number.
8     else.
9         case prev_operator.
10            when '+'.
11                result = result + number.
12            when '-'.
13                result = result - number.
14            when '*'.
15                result = result * number.
16            when '/'.
17                result = result / number.
18            endcase.
19            prev_operator = operator.
20        endif.
21
22        call method on_result-object->(on_result-method)
23            exporting
24                result = result.
25
26        * RAISE EVENT on_result
27        * EXPORTING
28        *     result = result.
29    endmethod.
    
```

ZCL_CALCULATOR5_UI

```

1 method display.
2     me->result = result.
3 endmethod.

1 method calculate.
2     call method on_operator-object->(on_operator-method)
3     exporting
4         operator = operator
5         number = number.
6 * RAISE EVENT on_operator
7 * EXPORTING
8 *     operator = operator
9 *     number = number.
10 endmethod.
    
```



CAS-Nummern pflegen

Einfuhrländer

CAS-RN (Pharma)

Bezeichnung:

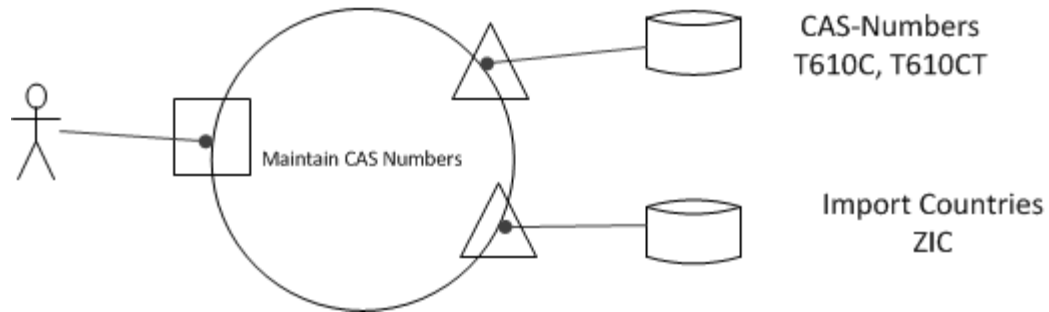
Ein	Bezeichnung	Bezeichnung
BE	Caffeine	
DE	Caffeine	
DK	Caffeine	
ES	Caffeine	
FI	Caffeine	
FR	Caffeine	
GB	Caffeine	
IT	Caffeine	
NL	Caffeine	
PL	Caffeine	
SE	Caffeine	
SI	Caffeine	

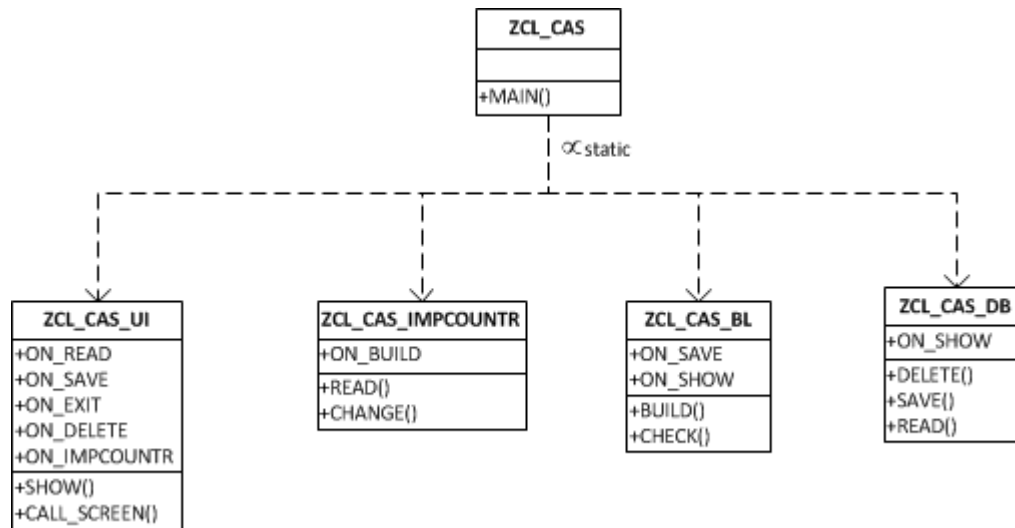
Sicht "Einfuhrland" ändern: Übersicht

Neue Einträge

Lnd	Bezeichnung
BE	Belgien
DE	Deutschland
DK	Dänemark
ES	Spanien
FI	Finnland
FR	Frankreich
GB	Verein. Königr.
IT	Italien
NL	Niederlande
PL	Polen
SE	Schweden
SI	Slowenien

SAP



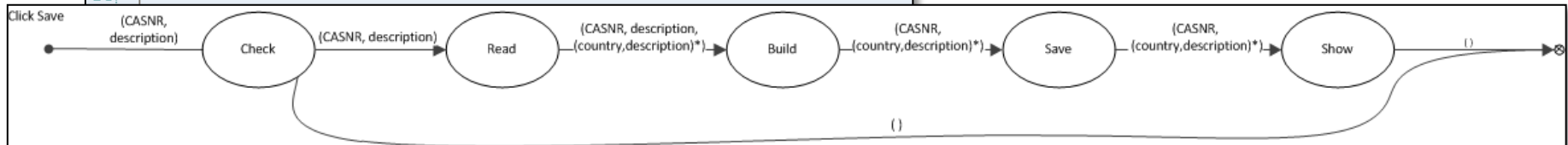


The transactions calls the method MAIN, where the binding is done and finally the first screen is called.

```

1  method main.
2  create object ui.
3  create object imp_countr.
4  create object bl.
5  create object db.
6
7  * Enter - Read and show import countries for a given CAS number.
8  zebc_wire_up1 event ui->on_read bl 'CHECK' parameter 'CAS' ui->cas.
9  zebc_wire_up1 event ui->on_read db 'READ' parameter 'CAS' ui->cas.
10 zebc_wire_up event db->on_show ui 'SHOW'.
11
12 * Save - Save text for a given CAS number and show the changes
13 zebc_wire_up event ui->on_save bl 'CHECK'.
14 zebc_wire_up event ui->on_save imp_countr 'READ'.
15
16 zebc_wire_up event imp_countr->on_build bl 'BUILD'.
17
18 zebc_wire_up event bl->on_save db 'SAVE'.
19 zebc_wire_up event bl->on_show ui 'SHOW'.
20

```



```

27 zebc_wire_up event ui->on_delete db 'DELETE'.
28
29 ui->call_screen( ).
30 endmethod.

```

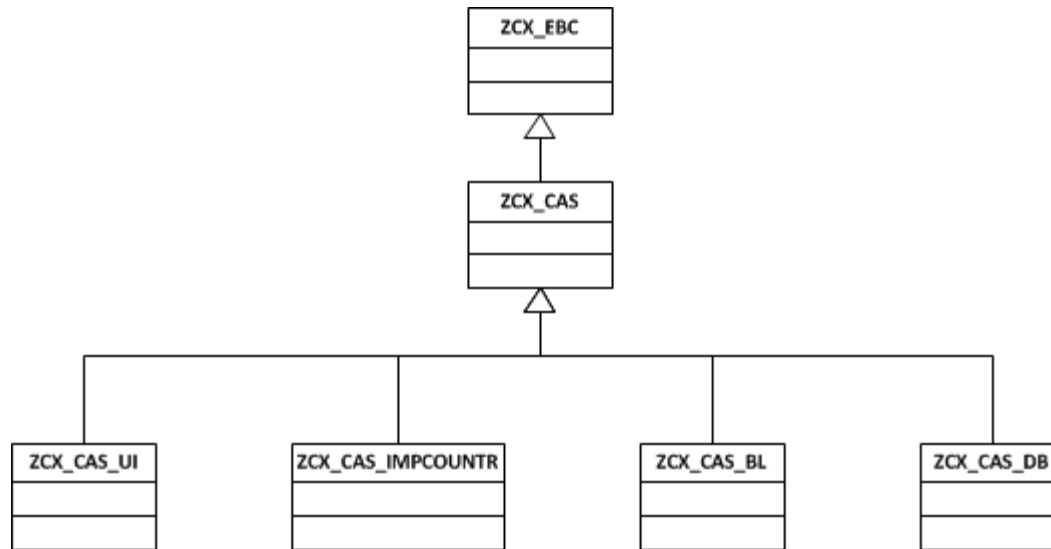
Each user command raises an event, which can have more than one handler. All events have the same signature.

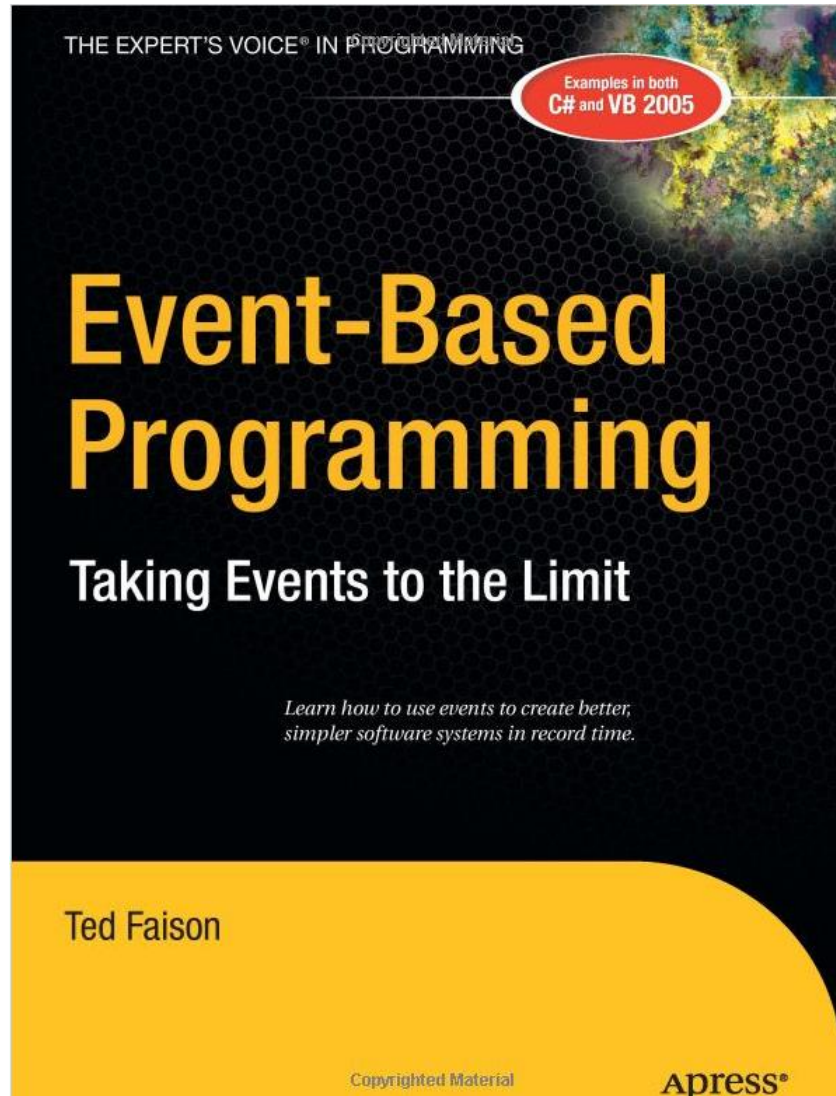
Art	Parameter	Typisierung	Beschreibung
▶	EVENTS	TYPE ZEBC_EVENTS	
⚡	ZCX_EBC		Event-Based Components

Methode	RAISE	aktiv
1	method raise.	
2	if events is not initial.	
3	loop at events into event.	
4	if event-object is not initial and event-method is not initial.	
5	try.	
6	call method me->event-object->(me->event-method)	
7	parameter-table event-parameter.	
8	endtry.	
9	endif.	
10	endloop.	
11	endif.	
12	endmethod.	


```

7  module user_command_1000 input.
8  try.
9  case ok_code.
10 when 'ENTER' or 'SHOW'.
11   me->raise( me->on_read ).
12 when 'SAVE'.
13   loop at me->on_save into me->event.
14     call method me->event-object->(me->event-method)
15     exporting
16       cas = me->cas.
17   endloop.
18   message s001.
19 when 'DELE'.
20   loop at me->on_delete into me->event.
21     call method me->event-object->(me->event-method)
22     exporting
23       cas = me->cas.
24   endloop.
25 when 'IMPCOUNTR'.
26   loop at me->on_imp countr into me->event.
27     call method me->event-object->(me->event-method)
28     exporting
29       cas = me->cas.
30   endloop.
31 when 'COPY'.
32   call transaction 'ZDM25'.
33 when others.
34   endcase.
35 catch zcx_cas into exception.
36   text = exception->get_text( ).
37   message text type exception->msgty.
38 endtry.
39 endmodule.                " USER COMMAND 1000 INPUT
  
```



Thank you for your attention!

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